

Note 17 - Measurement of fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments at fair value are classified at various levels.

Level 1: Valuation based on quoted prices in an active market

Fair value of financial instruments that are traded in the active markets is based on market price on the balance sheet date. A market is considered active if market prices are easily and regularly available from a stock exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, price-setting service or regulatory authority, and these prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions at an arm's length. This category also includes quoted shares and Treasury bills.

Level 2: Valuation based on observable market data

Level 2 consists of instruments that are valued by the use of information that does not consist in quoted prices, but where the prices are directly or indirectly observable for the assets or liabilities concerned, and which also include quoted prices in non-active markets.

Level 3: Valuation based on other than observable data

If valuation data are not available for level 1 and 2, valuation methods are applied that are based on non-observable information.

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value at 30 September 22:

Assets (NOKm)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss				
- Derivatives	0	7,479	-	7,480
- Bonds and money market certificates	2,346	28,215	-	30,561
- Equity instruments	1,261	102	611	1,974
- Fixed interest loans	-	78	4,640	4,718
Financial assets through other comprehensive income				
- Loans at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	79,839	79,839
Total assets	3,608	35,874	85,090	124,571
Liabilities	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities through profit/loss				
- Derivatives	2	8,113	-	8,115
- Equity instruments	8	-	-	8
Total liabilities	11	8,113	-	8,124

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value at 30 September 21:

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
1	3,731	-	3,732
2,360	27,672	-	30,032
1,908	57	559	2,525
-	43	4,246	4,289
-	-	80,832	80,832
4,269	31,503	85,638	121,410
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
1	3,740	-	3,741
90	-	-	90
91	3,740	-	3,831
	1 2,360 1,908 - - - 4,269 Level 1	1 3,731 2,360 27,672 1,908 57 - 43 4,269 31,503 Level 1 Level 2 1 3,740 90 -	1 3,731 - 2,360 27,672 - 1,908 57 559 - 43 4,246 80,832 4,269 31,503 85,638 Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 1 3,740 - 90



The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value at 31 December 2021:

Assets (NOKm)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss				
- Derivatives	4	3,221	-	3,224
- Bonds and money market certificates	2,377	28,385	-	30,762
- Equity instruments	1,984	106	564	2,654
- Fixed interest loans	-	-	4,198	4,198
Financial assets through other comprehensive income				
- Loans at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	83,055	83,055
Total assets	4,364	31,712	87,817	123,893
Liabilities	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities through profit/loss				
- Derivatives	0	3,909	-	3,909
- Equity instruments	31	-	-	31
Total liabilities	31	3,909	-	3,940

The following table presents the changes in the instruments classified in level 3 as at 30 September 22:

	Equity instruments through profit	Fixed interest	Loans at fair value through	
(NOKm)	/loss	loans	OCI	Total
Opening balance 1 January	564	4,198	83,055	87,817
Investment in the period	15	1,250	29,075	30,340
Disposals in the period	-2	-575	-32,296	-32,872
Expected credit loss	-	-	2	2
Gain or loss on financial instruments	34	-233	3	-196
Closing balance 30 September 22	610	4,640	79,839	85,090

The following table presents the changes in the instruments classified in level 3 as at 30 September 21:

(NOKm)	Equity instruments through profit /loss	Fixed interest loans	Loans at fair value through OCI	Total
Opening balance 1 January	432	4,242	74,761	79,435
Investment in the period	21	922	33,175	34,118
Disposals in the period	-2	-827	-27,123	-27,952
Expected credit loss	-	-	19	19
Gain or loss on financial instruments	107	-91	1	17
Closing balance 30 September 21	559	4,246	80,832	85,638

The following table presents the changes in the instruments classified in level 3 as at 31 December 2021:

	Equity instruments		Loans at fair	
		Fixed interest	value through	
(NOKm)	/loss	loans	OCI	Total
Opening balance 1 January	432	4,242	74,761	79,435
Investment in period	26	1,201	40,891	42,118
Disposals in the period	-12	-1,150	-32,615	-33,778
Expected credit loss	-	-	19	19
Gain or loss on financial instruments	118	-95	-1	22
Closing balance 31 December	564	4,198	83,055	87,817



Valuation method

The valuation method applied is adapted to each financial instrument, and is intended to utilise as much of the information that is available in the market as possible.

The method for valuation of financial instruments in level 2 and 3 is described in the following:

Fixed interest loans to customers (level 3)

The loans consist for the most part of fixed interest loans denominated in Norwegian kroner. The value of the fixed interest loans is determined such that agreed interest flows are discounted over the term of the loan by a discount factor that is adjusted for margin requirements. The discount factor is raised by 10 points when calculating sensitivity.

Loans at fair value through other comprehensive income (level 3)

Property Loans at floating interest classified at fair value over other comprehensive income is valued based on nominal amount reduced by expected credit loss. Loans with no significant credit risk detoriation since first recognition is assessed at nominal amount. For loans with a significant increase in credit risk since first recognition or objective evidence of loss, the calculation of expected credit losses over the life of the asset is in line with loan losses for loans at amortised cost. Estimated fair value is the nominal amount reduced by expected lifetime credit loss. If the likelihood of the worst case scenario in the model is doubled, fair value is reduced by NOK 6 million.

Short-term paper and bonds (level 2 and 3)

Valuation on level 2 is based for the most part on observable market information in the form of interest rate curves, exchange rates and credit margins for the individual credit and the bond's or certificate's characteristics. For paper valued under level 3 the valuation is based on indicative prices from a third party or comparable paper.

Equity instruments (level 3)

Shares that are classified to level 3 include essentially investments in unquoted shares. Among other a total of NOK 521 million in Private Equity investments, property funds, hedge funds and unquoted shares through the company SpareBank SMN 1 Invest. The valuations are in all essentials based on reporting from managers of the funds who utilise cash flow based models or multiples when determining fair value. The Group does not have full access to information on all the elements in these valuations and is therefore unable to determine alternative assumptions.

Financial derivatives (level 2)

Financial derivatives at level 2 include for the most part currency futures and interest rate and exchange rate swaps. Valuation is based on observable interest rate curves. In addition the item includes derivatives related to FRAs. These are valued with a basis in observable prices in the market. Derivatives classified to level 2 also include equity derivatives related to SpareBank 1 Markets' market-making activities. The bulk of these derivatives refer to the most sold shares on Oslo Børs, and the valuation is based on the price of the actual /underlying share and observable or calculated volatility.

Sensitivity analyses, level 3 as at 30 September 22:

(NOKm)	Book value	possible alternative assumtions
Fixed interest loans	4,640	-13
Equity instruments through profit/loss*	610	-
Loans at fair value through other comprehensive income	79,839	-6

^{*} As described above, the information to perform alternative calculations are not available